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Lesson 8

Paul's Pastoral Epistles -- I & II Timothy, Titus – and Hebrews

WALK THROUGH THE NEW TESTAMENT

TEN LESSONS:

- 1. Overview and Relationship of the Old and New Testaments
- 2. The Life of Christ: Matthew, Mark, Luke, John
- 3. The Life of Christ The 4 Gospels: Part 2
- 4. The Acts of the Holy Spirit through the Apostles
- 5. The Epistle to the Romans
- 6. The Epistles to the Corinthians and the Galatians
- 7. The Prison Epistles (Ephesians, Philippians, Colossians, Philemon) and I and II Thessalonians
- 8. The Pastoral Epistles (I and II Timothy and Titus) and Hebrews
- 9. The General Epistles: James to Jude
- **10. The Revelation**

THE PASTORAL EPISTLES

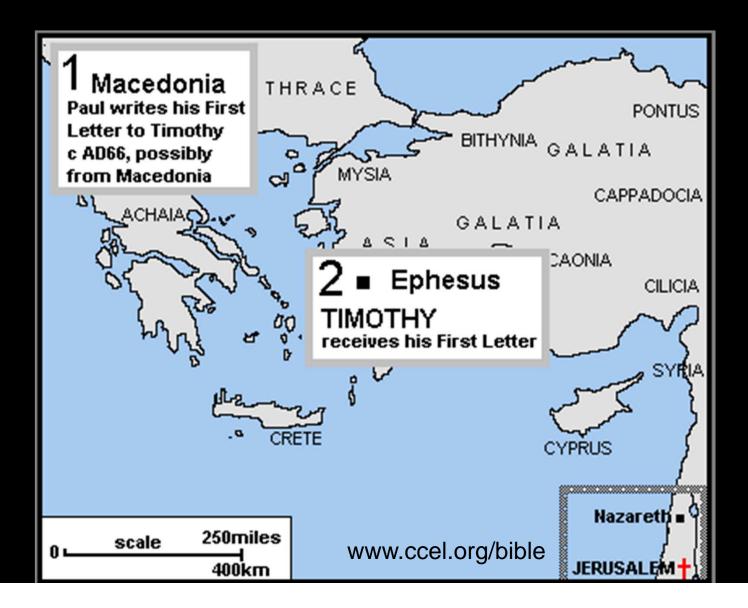
- The Apostle Paul saw the Gospel ministry as a <u>team</u> effort.
- He drew around him a number of fellow-servants whom he could <u>coach</u> to multiply his work.
- Il Timothy 2:2 "The things you have heard me say in the presence of many witnesses entrust to reliable men who will also be <u>gualified</u> to teach others." (Note four generations of leaders here.)
- Timothy and Titus were two of Paul's protégés.
- Like Jesus' disciples, they traveled with their leader to <u>learn</u>, and then were sent out to <u>do</u>.

WHO WAS TIMOTHY ?

- Timothy is a prime example of one who was influenced by godly <u>relatives</u>:
 - II Tim 1:5 Faith of Grandmother Lois & Mother Eunice
 - 3:15 "from <u>infancy</u> you've known the holy Scriptures"
 - He is the first "second generation" <u>Christian</u> in the NT.
- Paul first met Timothy in Lystra. Acts 16:1.
- He <u>traveled</u> with Paul on much of his 2nd and 3rd missionary journeys.
- Paul had ministered in Ephesus for 3 years.
 Sometime later he appointed Timothy to be the pastor at Ephesus. I Tim. 1:3



Paul's First Letter to Timothy



INTRODUCTION TO 1ST TIMOTHY

- Paul wrote his first letter to Timothy about 65-66 AD from Macedonia, during his release before his final Roman imprisonment, to give encouragement and to help Timothy deal with the many <u>challenges</u> in ministry.
- First Timothy is a personal letter and a leadership manual of church administration and <u>discipline</u>.
- Key Verse: I Timothy 4:12 "Don't let anyone look down on you because you are young, but set an <u>example</u> for the believers in speech, in life, in love in faith and in purity."

OVERVIEW OF I TIMOTHY

Norman L. Geisler, A Popular Survey of the NT, Baker, p. 237-238, revised by JR

INSTRUCTION ABOUT THE MINISTRY Chaps. 1 – 3

1. The ministry of the Word

- <u>Warnings</u> about false teachers
- Testimony of Paul's <u>conversion</u> 12 17
- Challenge to be <u>faithful</u>

2. The ministry of <u>worship</u>

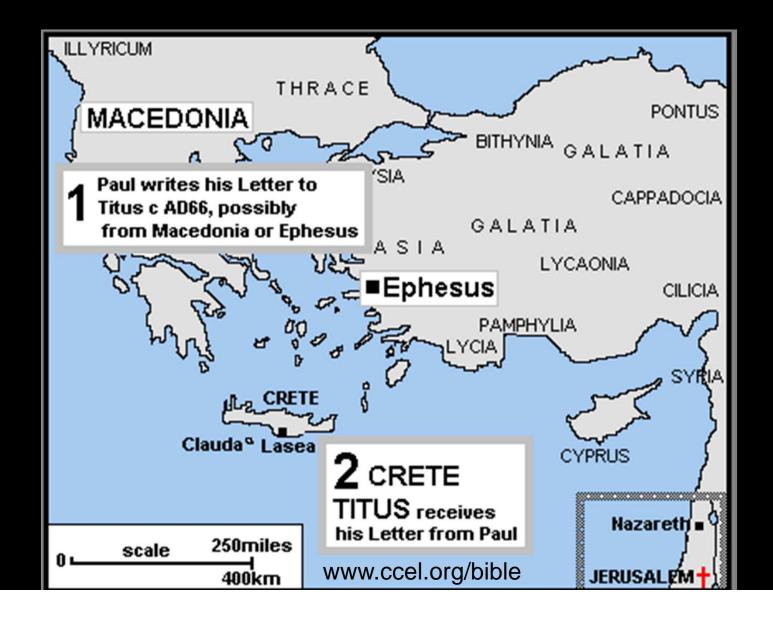
- The importance of <u>prayer</u> for all
- The role of <u>women</u>
- 3. The ministry of <u>workers</u>
 - Requirements for <u>Overseers</u>
 - Requirements for <u>Deacons</u>
 - Requirements for <u>Members</u>

OVERVIEW OF I TIMOTHY cont.				
INSTRUCTION ABOUT THE MINISTER Chaps. 4 – 6				
1. <u>Pattern</u> for the minister	Chapter 4:1-5:2			
Good <u>teaching</u>	1 – 6			
Good <u>training</u>	7 – 11			
 Good <u>testimony</u> 	12 – 5:2			
2. <u>Principles</u> for the minister	Chapter 5:3-6:2			
 Provision for <u>widows</u> 	3 – 16			
 Standards for <u>elders</u> 	17 – 25			
 Instructions for <u>servants</u> 	6:1 - 2			
3. <u>Practices</u> of ministry	Chapter 6			
 Godly <u>contentment</u> 	3 – 10			
 Godly <u>confession</u> 	11 – 16			
Godly giving	17 – 19			
Godly guarding	20 – 2 1			

WHO WAS TITUS ?

- Titus was a common Latin name in Paul's day.
- Both of Titus's parents were Greek. Gal. 2:3
- They may have lived in Antioch of Syria. Gal. 2:1
- He may have been <u>converted</u> through Paul's ministry. See Titus 1:4 "my true son."
- He traveled much with Paul and was sent by Paul to Corinth to heal tensions. II Cor. 7:6, 13.
- Paul left him in Crete to <u>strengthen</u> the churches
 Paul had established there. Titus 1:5
- Titus later had ministry in Dalmatia. II Tim. 4:10

Paul's Letter to Titus



THE MEN TIMOTHY AND TITUS COMPARED

Likenesses

Both were young and gifted, Both were <u>co-workers</u> of Paul, Both served in <u>difficult</u> churches.

Differences

Timothy

Half - Jew Circumcised by Paul Acts 16:3 Served at Corinth & Ephesus Nervous/retiring personality Prominent in Acts TitusWholly GentileUncircumcised Gal.2:3Served at Corinth & CreteStrong/stern personalityNot mentioned in Acts

INTRODUCTION TO TITUS

- Paul had left Titus in Crete "to straighten out what was left unfinished and appoint <u>elders</u> in every town" (Titus 1:5).
- Paul wrote this letter to Titus shortly after he wrote his first letter to Timothy (c 63 AD).
- The Cretans had a <u>bad</u> reputation morally and socially: *"liars, evil brutes and lazy gluttons"* 1:12.
- Paul wrote Titus & 1st Tim. for the same reasons:
 - <u>Disorder</u> and false teaching invading the churches.
 - Inconsistent living by church members.
 - Need for instruction about church organization.

KEY VERSES OF TITUS

Titus 1:5

"The reason I left you in Crete was that you might straighten out what was left unfinished and appoint elders in every town as I directed you."

Titus 3:14

"Our people must learn to devote themselves to doing good, in order that they may provide for daily necessities and not live unproductive lives."

OVERVIEW OF TITUS

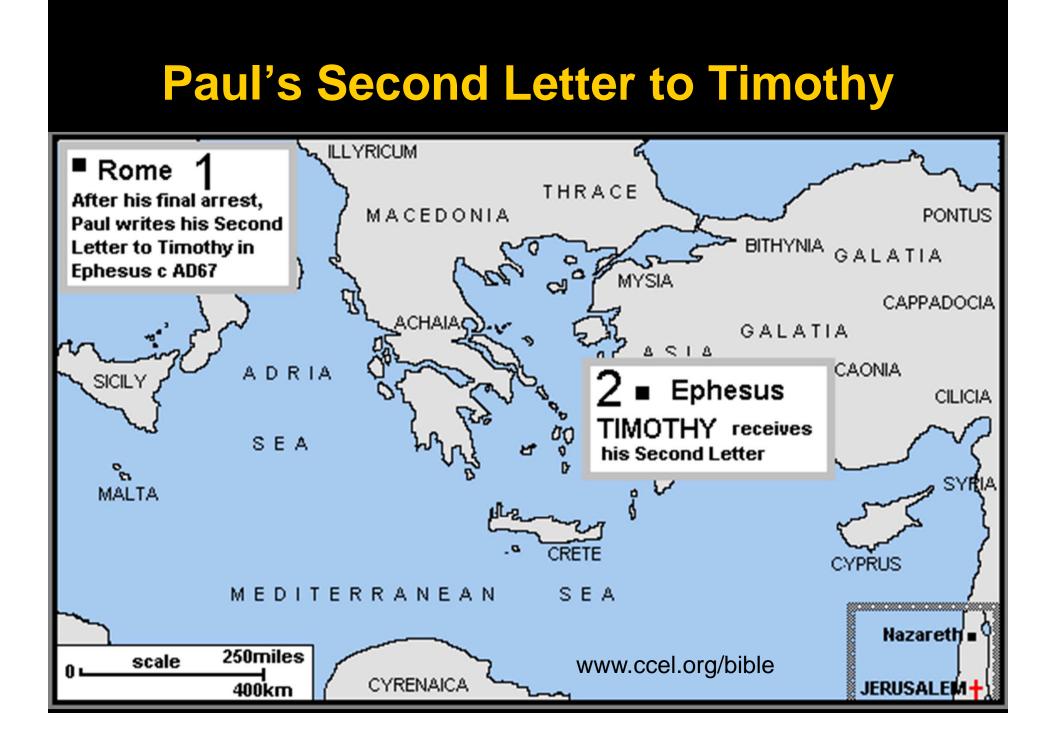
Paul N. Benware, Susrvey of the NT, Moody, p. 231, revised by JR

Ch 1 - The Need for Godly Leadership in the Church.

- Appoint <u>qualified</u> leaders 1:5 9
- Manage false teachers1:10 16

Ch 2 - The need for Godly Living in the Church.

- Church <u>leaders</u> 2:1, 15
- <u>Older</u>, Younger, Servants 2:2 10
- <u>All</u> believers 2:11 14
- Ch 3 The need for Godly Living outside the Church



INTRODUCTION TO 2ND TIMOTHY

- Paul is now in the Mamertine <u>prison</u> in Rome, about 67 AD, a result of Nero's persecution.
- This is his final letter before being <u>beheaded</u> as a martyr for his faith in Jesus.
- He is old and cold (4:13):and <u>deserted</u> (4:10-by Demas, 16-by all).
- He still has a <u>thirst</u> to read good books and especially God's Word. (4:13-books, scrolls).
- He writes Timothy to encourage him and exhort him to be strong and <u>bold</u> in the faith. (1:7-8)



The Mamertine Prison in Rome where Peter and Paul were held till they were martyred by Nero's edict.

KEY VERSE OF 2ND TIMOTHY

2nd Timothy 2:15

"Do your best to present yourself to God as one <u>approved</u>, a workman who does not need to be ashamed and who correctly handles the word of truth."

OVERVIEW OF 2ND TIMOTHY

1. The <u>Perseverance</u> of a Man of God. Chap. 1 1 - 11 Exhortation to be Strong 12 - 18 Examples: Paul and Onesiphorus 2. The Pictures of a Man of God. Chap. 2 Teacher, Soldier, Athlete, Farmer 1 - 7 Jesus, Worker, Vessel, Servant 8 - 26 3. The Perils of a Man of God. Chap. 3 1 - 9**Facing Apostasy** 10 - 17 **Defeating Apostasy** 4. The Preaching of the Man of God. Chap. 4 Paul's Charge to Preach the Word 1 - 56 - 8Paul's Triumph Paul's Final Remarks and Farewell 9 - 22

INTRODUCTION TO HEBREWS

- Hebrews is a unique commentary on the Old Testament:
 - It interprets its history
 - It explains the fulfillment of its prophecy
 - It <u>reveals</u> its ultimate purpose
- Hebrews is the Holy Spirit's grand portrait of <u>Christ</u> with the OT as a background.
- "Consider Jesus" is its urgent appeal to believers in <u>danger</u> of backsliding and apostasy.

Note: The above thoughts are from Irving Jensen's Survey of the New Testament, Moody Press, p. 406

INTRODUCTION TO HEBREWS continued

- Hebrews is the first of the General Epistles, and is written to a general audience of Jewish (or Hebrew) believers. Paul's letters were addressed to <u>churches</u> and individuals.
- The author of Hebrews is not <u>stated</u> in the text. Possible authors are Paul, Luke, Barnabas, Apollos, as they were all associated with Mark as mentioned in Hebrews 13:23.
- Hebrews was written shortly before the destruction of Jerusalem in 70 AD, because:
 - the <u>temple</u> was still standing and offerings were still being made (see Heb. 7-8).
 - its audience included <u>second</u> generation believers (Heb. 13:7).

OVERVIEW OF HEBREWS

Norman L. Geisler, A Popular Survey of the NT, p 256-257, revised by JR

1.	DOCTRINAL Who Jesus is	Chapters 1 – 10
Α.	Jesus is Better than the Prophets	1:1 – 3
Β.	Jesus is Better than the <u>Angels</u>	1:4 – 2:18
C.	Jesus is Better than <u>Moses</u>	Chapter 3
D.	Jesus is Better than <u>Joshua</u>	4:1 – 13
Ε.	Jesus is Better than the Levitical Prie	<u>ests</u> 4:14 – 7:28
F.	Jesus is Better than the <u>Tabernacle</u>	8:1 – 5
G.	Jesus is Better than the Old Covenan	<u>t</u> 8:6 – 9:22
Η.	Jesus is Better than the Sacrifices	9:23 - 10:39
2.	PRACTICAL How we must live	Chapters 11 - 13
Α.	We must live by <u>faith</u>	Chapter 11
Β.	We must live in <u>hope</u>	Chapter 12
C.	We must live in <u>love</u>	Chapter 13

KEY VERSE OF HEBREWS

 Hebrews 1:3 "The Son is the radiance of God's glory and the exact representation of his being, sustaining all things by his powerful word. After he had provided purification for sins, he sat down at the right hand of the Majesty in heaven."

THE DIVINITY OF JESUS CHRIST

Irving Jensen's Survey of the New Testament, Moody Press, p. 415

- 1. Jesus has divine <u>names</u>: He is "God"1:8, "Lord" 1:10
- 2. Jesus has divine <u>character</u>. "God's glory/nature" 1:3
- 3. Jesus has eternal <u>existence</u>: "forever and ever" 1:8
- 4. Jesus does divine works:
 - *"He made the universe"* 1:2
 - *"Upholding all things"* 1:3
 - "Purging our sins"
- 5. Jesus has divine position and honor:
 - *"Heir of all things"* 1:2

1:3

1:4-14

- "Seated on the right hand of the Majesty on high" 1:3
- "Rank higher than the angels"

CONTRASTS IN HEBREWS

Irving Jensen's Survey of the New Testament, Moody Press, p. 414

 Son and angels 	1:4 – 2:4
 Son and Moses 	3:1-6
 Canaan rest and God's rest 	3:12 - 4:13
 Christ and Aaron 	4:14 - 5:10
 Spiritual infancy and maturity 	5:11 – 14
 Apostasy and faithfulness 	5:11 - 6:20
 Old and New Covenants 	8:1 – 13
 Offerings of the law & offering of Christ 	9:1-10:18

PRIVILEGES OF BELIEVERS

 We have a great high priest 4:14, 10 We have this hope as an anchor 6:19 We have been made holy 10:10 We have confidence to enter 10:19 We have received knowledge of truth 10:26 We have God's discipline for holiness 12:9-11 We have an altar 13:10 We have a clear conscience 13:18 		We have come to share in Christ	3:14
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	•	We have God's discipline for holiness	12:9-11
• We have a clear conscience 13:18	•	We have an altar	13:10
		We have a clear conscience	13:18

WARNINGS IN HEBREWS

MacArthur Study Bible, p. 1864

WARNING AGAINST:

- Drifting from "what we have heard" 2:1-4
- <u>Disbelieving</u> the *"voice"* of God 3:7-14
- <u>Degenerating</u> from *"teaching about Christ"* 5:11-6:8
- <u>Despising</u> "the knowledge of the truth" 10:26-39
- <u>Devaluing</u> "the grace of God" 12:15-17
- <u>Departing</u> from Him *"who is speaking"* 12:25-29